

## He alth Benefits

fardening



BE BOLD. Shape the Future.

College of Agricultural, Consumer and Environmental Sciences

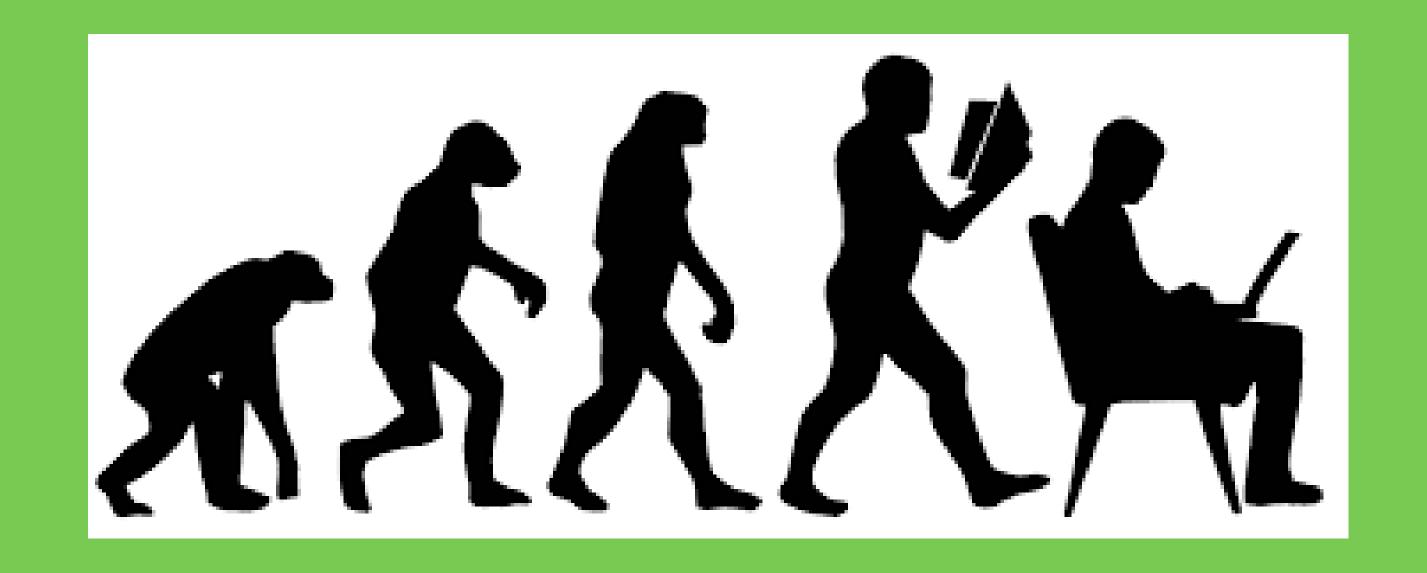
Cooperative Extension Service

### Blue Zones



### Time line

#### HUMANS AND NATURE



## Why do we garden?

#### EXPRESSION OF HOPE

Gardening is one of most common ways

of interacting with nature.

In the United States, 1 in 3 people

garden.







### Benefits

- PHYSICAL
- MENTAL
- SPIRITUAL
- SOCIAL
- PRAC TICAL





#### O PHYSICAL

- Weight loss
- Improves dexterity and coordination
- Lowers blood pressure, improves circulation & lowers heart rate
- Improves flexibility by stretching
- Increases stamina and strength
- Source of vitamin D
- Improves immune system, heart health & diabetes
- Healthy eating



#### O MENTAL

- Improve mood
- Lowers hormone levels
- Lower anxiety
- Decrease depression
- Meditative state which promotes calmness
- Reduce stress
- Sense of achievement
- Constantly learning
- Aromatherapy
- Boosts self esteem



#### O SPIRITUAL

- connected to living things
- cycle of life
- meditation

## Horticultural Therapy

Vocational

The ra pe utic

So c ia 1





#### SOCIAL

Connection or friend ship is just a simp ortant a sphysic al and mental influences when it comesto predictors of a happy, he althy and long life.

## PRACTICAL CONSIDERATIONS



ENVIRONMENTALLY
FRIEND LY

AFFO RDABLE

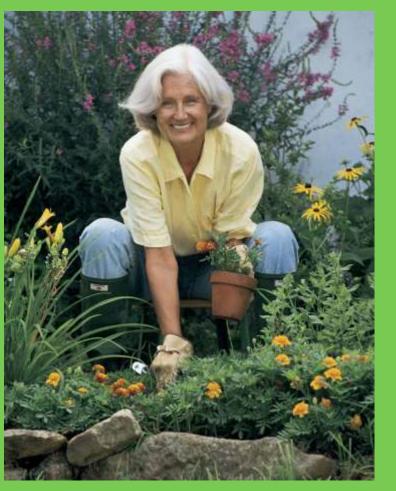
SUSTAINABLE

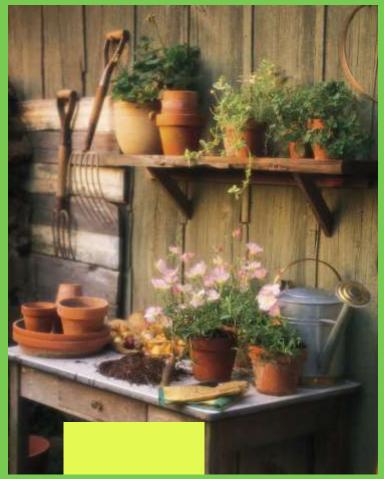
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#### START GROWING!







## TYPES OF GARDENS

#### CONTAINER GARDENS

Pros – mo vable, a nywhere,
beginners, low ma intenance

Cons – dry out, limited number
of plants.

#### RAISED BEDS

Pros – same as containers but larger

Cons - dry out, location

#### VERTIC AL GARDENS

Pros – space, maintenance, a esthetic s

Cons – moist ure, plant choice, expensive

#### TRAD ITIO NAL

Pros – unlimited plant choices

Cons – space, more

maintenance

# CARING FOR THEGARDEN

#### LO C ATIO N

Sun, water, accessible for care & watering, protection from pests and animals.



#### WATERIN G

how, how much, how often, collecting & conservation, mulch



#### PLANTS HAVE NEEDS TOO

nutrition, weeding, bugs, deadheading, pruning, staking

#### GROWING FOOD





Eat more Veggies & Fruit

Why:

he althy eating,

Science and

stem skills

improves

motor skills

outside

and in nature

calming

teaches

patience & responsibility

something

to do together







be a ns, ra d ishe s, c he rry toma toes, flowers, pump kins, carrots, na sturtiums, la mb's e a rs.



## Special Needs

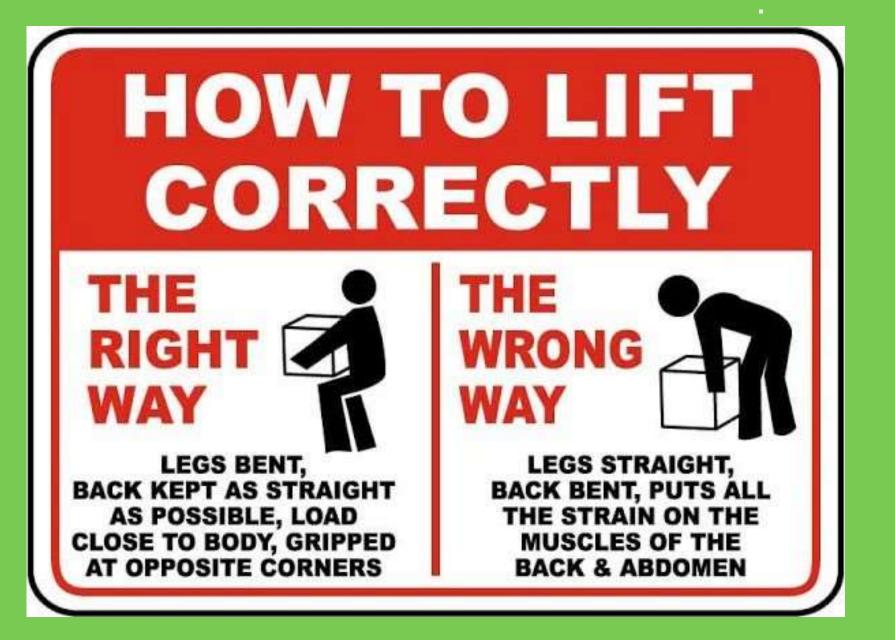
Pe op le with special needs such as mobility issues or elderly who might have

trouble bending or kneeling.





#### Correct Lifting



blog.anytimefitness.co.uk/fitness/avoiding-back-pain-when-gardening

blog.arthritis.org/living-witharthritis/helpful-garden-tools



Summary

HEALTH BENEFITS, WORKS FOR ALL,
BOUNDLESS CHOICES, QUALITY OF
LIFE

#### sd c o le 64 @nm su.edu



#### Resources

THE WELL GARDENED Mind

By Sue Stuart-Smith

BLUEZONES.COM

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